

(2) the existing interagency and intra-agency efforts to address AI oversight;

(3) the need for and scope of national security carve outs, and any limitations or protections that should be built into any such carve outs; and

(4) the research, development, and application of new technologies to mitigate privacy and civil liberties risks inherent in artificial intelligence systems.

(e) POWERS OF THE TASK FORCE.—

(1) HEARINGS.—The Task Force may, for the purpose of carrying out this section, hold hearings, sit and act at times and places, take testimony, and receive evidence as the AI Task Force considers appropriate.

(2) POWERS OF MEMBERS AND AGENTS.—Any member of the AI Task Force may, upon authorization by the AI Task Force, take any action that the AI Task Force is authorized to take under this section.

(3) OBTAINING OFFICIAL DATA.—Subject to applicable privacy laws and relevant regulations, the AI Task Force may secure directly from any department or agency of the United States information and data necessary to enable it to carry out this section. Upon written request of the Chair of the AI Task Force, the head or acting representative of that department or agency shall furnish the requested information to the AI Task Force not later than 30 days after receipt of the request.

(f) OPERATING RULES AND PROCEDURE.—

(1) INITIAL MEETING.—The AI Task Force shall meet not later than 30 days after the date on which a majority of the members of the AI Task Force have been appointed.

(2) VOTING.—Each member of the AI Task Force shall have 1 vote.

(3) RECOMMENDATIONS.—The AI Task Force shall adopt recommendations only upon a majority vote.

(4) QUORUM.—A majority of the members of the AI Task Force shall constitute a quorum, but a lesser number of members may hold meetings, gather information, and review draft reports from staff.

(g) STAFF.—

(1) PERSONNEL.—The chairperson of the AI Task Force may appoint staff to inform, support, and enable AI Task Force members in the fulfillment of their responsibilities. A staff member may not be a local, State, or Federal elected official or be affiliated with or employed by, such an elected official during the duration of the AI Task Force.

(2) DETAILEES.—The head of any Federal department or agency may detail, on a non-reimbursable basis, any of the personnel of that department or agency to the AI Task Force to assist the AI Task Force in carrying out its purposes and functions.

(3) SECURITY CLEARANCES FOR MEMBERS AND STAFF.—The appropriate Federal departments or agencies shall cooperate with the AI Task Force in expeditiously providing to the AI Task Force members and staff appropriate security clearances to the extent possible pursuant to existing procedures and requirements, except that no person may be provided with access to classified information under this section without the appropriate security clearances.

(4) EXPERT CONSULTANTS.—As needed, the AI Task Force may commission intermittent research or other information from experts and provide stipends for engagement consistent with relevant statutes and regulations.

(h) ASSISTANCE FROM PRIVATE SECTOR.—

(1) PRIVATE ENGAGEMENT.—The Chair of the AI Task Force may engage with representatives from a private sector organization for the purpose of carrying out the mission of the AI Task Force, and any such engagement shall not be subject to the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.).

(2) TEMPORARY ASSIGNMENT OF PERSONNEL.—The Chair of the AI Task Force, with the agreement of a private sector organization, may arrange for the temporary assignment of employees of the organization to the Task Force in accordance with paragraphs (1) and (4) of subsection (g).

(3) DURATION.—An assignment under this subsection may, at any time and for any reason, be terminated by the Chair or the private sector organization concerned and shall be for a total period of not more than 18 months.

(i) APPLICATION OF ETHICS RULES.—An employee of a private sector organization assigned under subsection (h)—

(1) shall be deemed to be a special government employee for purposes of Federal law, including chapter 11 of title 18, United States Code, and the Ethics in Government Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.); and

(2) notwithstanding section 202(a) of title 18, United States Code, may be assigned to the Task Force for a period of not longer than 18 months.

(3) NO FINANCIAL LIABILITY.—Any agreement subject to this subsection shall require the private sector organization concerned to be responsible for all costs associated with the assignment of an employee under subsection (h).

(j) REPORTING.—

(1) INTERIM REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 1 year after the establishment of the AI Task Force, the AI Task Force shall prepare and submit an interim report to Congress and the President containing the AI Task Force's legislative and regulatory recommendations.

(2) UPDATES.—The AI Task Force shall provide periodic updates to the President and to Congress.

(3) FINAL REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after the establishment of the AI Task Force, the AI Task Force shall prepare and submit a final report to the President and to Congress containing its assessment on organizational considerations, to include any recommendations for organizational changes.

(k) OTHER EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES.—At any time before the submission of the final report under subsection (j)(3), the AI Task Force may recommend to Congress the creation of a similar task force focused on another emerging technology.

(l) SUNSET.—The AI Task Force shall terminate on the date that is 18 months after the establishment of the AI Task Force.

**SA 4030.** Ms. ROSEN (for herself, Ms. CORTEZ MASTO, and Mr. PADILLA) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle B of title III, add the following:

**SEC. 318. MODIFICATION TO BUDGETING OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE RELATING TO EXTREME WEATHER.**

Section 328(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 10 U.S.C. 221 note) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “; and” and inserting a semicolon;

(2) in paragraph (2)—

(A) by inserting “of” after “result”; and

(B) by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(3) a calculation of the annual costs to the Department for assistance provided to—  
“(A) the Federal Emergency Management Agency or Federal land management agencies—

“(i) pursuant to requests for such assistance; and

“(ii) approved under the National Inter-agency Fire Center; and

“(B) any State, territory, or possession under title 10 or title 32, United States Code, regarding extreme weather.”.

**SA 4031.** Ms. ROSEN (for herself and Ms. ERNST) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle G of title V, add the following:

**SEC. 596. ACCESS TO TOUR OF DUTY SYSTEM.**

(a) ACCESS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Army shall ensure, subject to paragraph (2), that a member of the reserve components of the Army may access the Tour of Duty system using a personal internet-enabled device.

(2) EXCEPTION.—The Secretary of the Army may restrict access to the Tour of Duty system on personal internet-enabled devices if the Secretary determines such restriction is necessary to ensure the security and integrity of information systems and data of the United States.

(b) TOUR OF DUTY SYSTEM DEFINED.—In this section, the term “Tour of Duty system” means the online system of listings for opportunities to serve on active duty for members of the reserve components of the Army and through which such a member may apply for such an opportunity, known as “Tour of Duty”, or any successor to such system.

**SA 4032.** Ms. BALDWIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle C of title X, add the following:

**SEC. 1023. AWARD OF CONTRACTS FOR OVERHAUL, REPAIR, AND MAINTENANCE OF NAVAL VESSELS IN AREAS OUTSIDE THE HOMEPORT OF THE VESSEL CONCERNED TO MEET SURGE CAPACITY NEEDS.**

Section 8669a of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (c)(2), by inserting “, except such paragraph shall not apply to the